

LEN-400 System

Electroless Nickel

LEN-400 deposits have a nickel-phosphorous alloy that is deposited by means of an autocatalytic reduction of metal from solution without the use electricity. LEN-400 coatings are noted for the following properties: Coating is uniform consistent speed; semi-bright Electroless nickel process with medium phosphorous. LEN-400 meets or exceeds all RoHs and ELV requirements for lead and cadmium free deposits.

Advantages

- Stable, uniform rate / 8-10 metal turnovers.
- Controlled hardness, heat treatable.
- Excellent wear resistance, freedom from porosity.
- Compressively stressed deposit.
- Natural lubricity, providing excellent release properties.
- Self-polishing effect in molding operations.
- 6-9% phosphorus as plated.
- Easily waste treatable.

Deposit Properties:

Phosphorous Content 6-9.0 wt. %

Hardness 46-48 Rc as plated

68 Rc 750° F 1 Hour

Magnetic Properties Non-magnetic as plated (at parameters)

Non-magnetic 290° C 1 hour

Internal Stress Compressive

Ductility Pass (ASTM B-489)
Electrical Resistivity 70-100 micro ohm-cm

Melting Point 880° C
Density 7.75 g/cc
RoHS, ELV *Pass

Operating Data:

^{*}Lekem is not liable for drag in or contamination of bath once in tank.



LEN-400-S Bath make-up solution LEN-400-N Nickel replenisher

LEN-400-DH Hypophosphate replenisher

Operating Instructions

- 1. A new bath should be made with 20 parts LEN-400-S and 80 parts DI water. Tanks should be previously calibrated to assure proper concentration. Tanks may now be half filled with DI water. LEN-400 make up is added with agitation on. DI water is then added to bring the solution to the proper level.
- 2. pH should now be checked and adjusted to 4.6 with Aqua Ammonia if necessary. Always dilute ammonia 1:1 with DI water before adding. The same dilution applies to sulfuric acid if the pH ever needs to be brought below 5.0. The proper operating range is 4.6 to 4.8.
- 3. Air must be turned on before turning on heat.
- 4. Filter should be turned on and remain on throughout the operation period.
- 5. The bath is heated to 180-190° F for normal operation. A optimum temperature of 185° F is desired. Making sure the heater thermostat is in the bath. Do not exceed 195° F.
- 6. Titration of bath should be used on the amount of work being processed.
- 7. Operation range of nickel content should be maintained between 80-90%.
- 8. Replenishment adds may be made during plating at a ratio of 1N:1DH. LEN-400-N is always added before LEN-400-DH. Replenishment should be made in 10% increments to eliminate possible over-concentration of the bath.

Bath pH is self-maintained by proper replenishment. If, however, the pH varies form the operation range due to excessive drag-in, it may be adjusted by following instructions in step #2. Dilution of this type of add with DI water is a must at operating temperature.